Company Logo Area

Valuation Report of Covimro Limited

As of 2021-07-29

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Company summary Covimro Limited

O United Kingdom

Industry: Pharmaceuticals Business Activity: Proprietary & Advanced Pharmaceuticals

Founders: 2 Employees: 1 Started in: 2021 Incorporated: Yes Year of incorporation: 2021 Founders' committed capital: £130000

Opportunity

Business model: B2B Scalable Product: Yes Exit strategy: Some exit opportunities



Current Operations

Stage of development: Development stage Employees (excluding founders, interns and freelancers): 1 Profitability: Not breakeven yet

Lat	est operating per
Rever	nues
	EBITDA
	Ebitda margin

formance La

..... EBIT -1,098,000 Ebit margin

Cash in hand

07/2020 - 06/2021

-1,098,000

/// More information on the history, milestones, team, etc., (e.g. pitchdeck) can be requested to the company.

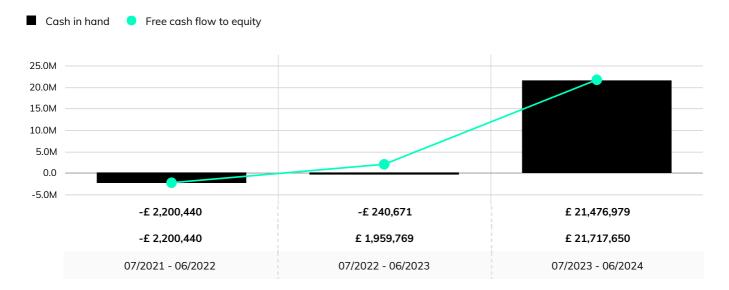


Forecasts summary Future profitability

📃 Revenues 🔳 Costs 🔍 EBITDA

140.0M - 120.0M - 100.0M - 80.0M - 60.0M - 40.0M - 20.0M -			
0.0 -			
-20.0M -	£ 3,232,342	£ 40,505,258	£ 139,151,740
	£ 5,335,812	£ 36,542,719	£ 108,983,886
	-£ 2,103,470	£ 3,962,539	£ 30,167,854
	07/2021 - 06/2022	07/2022 - 06/2023	07/2023 - 06/2024

Cash forecast



/// Full profit and loss and cash flow forecast at page 14.



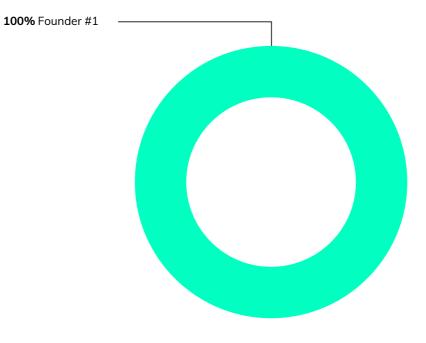
Past funding rounds

Here is an overview of the past funding rounds and valuations of the company.

No funding rounds to date

Current ownership

Here is an overview of the current shareholders in the company. More information on type of shares, unassigned shares, and in general a detailed cap table can be requested to the company in question.



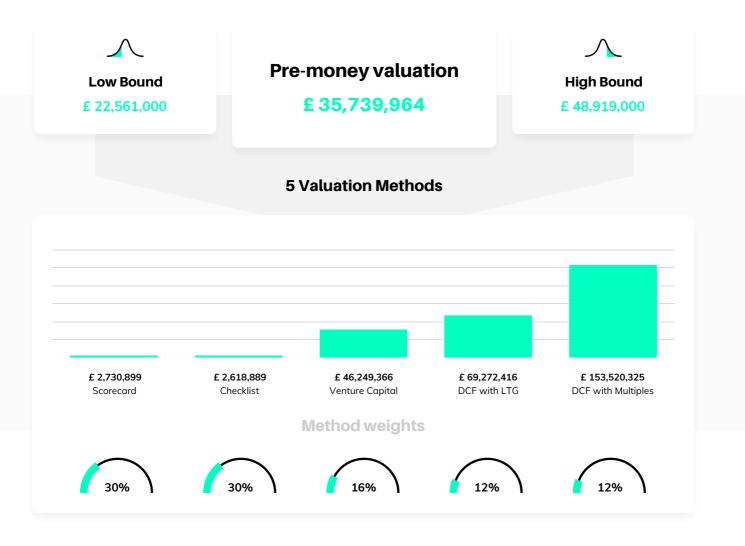


Valuation

The pre-money valuation displayed below is the result of the weighted average of different methods. The use of several methods is a best practice in company valuation, as looking at the business from different perspectives results in a more comprehensive and reliable view.

These methods are compliant with IPEV (International Private Equity Valuation) Guidelines and each of them will be explained in more detail in the following pages of the report.

More information on the weights can be found in the Appendix.

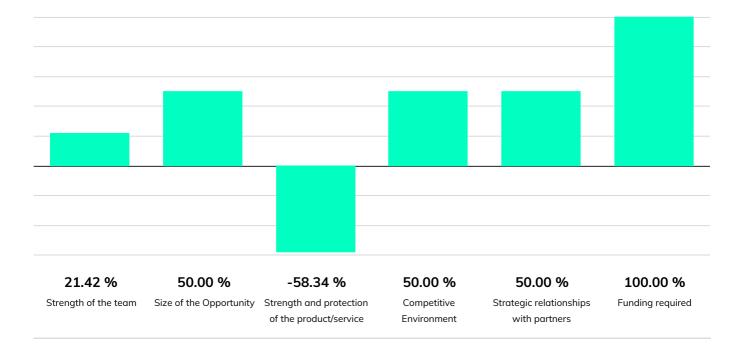




Qualitative methods Scorecard Method: £ 2,730,899

This method was conceived by William H. Payne of Ohio TechAngels group and endorsed by the Ewing Marion Kauffman Foundation. The valuation of the startup depends on how different this is from the assumed average of a set of comparable companies from the same region.

Startups' qualitative traits are divided in 6 criteria, compared with the assumed traits of the average company, and given a score according to whether it over- or under-performs the assumed average company. These scores are multiplied by weights that represent the impact of the criteria on the valuation. The sum of these weighted scores multiplied by the average valuation leads to the company's pre-money valuation.



Normalized scores of the company for each criteria

Parameters

Average valuation (United Kingdom): £ 2,115,951

Weights of the criteria

Strength of the team: 30%	Competitive En
Size of the Opportunity: 25%	Strategic relation
Strength and protection of the product/service: 15%	Funding require

Competitive Environment: **10%** Strategic relationships with partners: **10%** Funding required: **10%**

/// Please see appendix for data sources, defaults, and breakdown of the traits



Checklist Method: £ 2,618,889

The creator of the method is Dave Berkus, one of the most prominent Californian angel investors. The valuation of the startup consists of intangible building blocks that sum up to the assumed maximum pre-money valuation.

The maximum pre-money valuation is split in 5 criteria according to their weight. The startup obtains portions of these maximum criteria valuations according to how close its qualitative traits are to the most desirable ones. Their sum is the startup pre-money valuation.



Parameters

Maximum valuation (United Kingdom): £ 5,000,000

Criteria maximum valuations

Quality of the core team: £ 1,500,000 (30%) Quality of the Idea: £ 1,000,000 (20%) Product roll-out and IP protection: £ 750,000 (15%)

Strategic Relationships: £ 750,000 (15%) Operating Stage: £ 1,000,000 (20%)

/// Please see appendix for data sources, defaults, and breakdown of the traits



Qualitative traits summary

Below a summary of the traits at the basis of the scores for the two qualitative methods. Please see appendix for detailed breakdown of which trait is used in which method.



Team

Founders Time commitment: Planning to commit full time Average age: More than 45 Founded other companies before: Yes, with successful exit(s)

Core team skills and expertise

Working together for: Less than 1 year Years of experience in the industry: 100 Business and managerial background: Top-tier management experience Technical skills: All technical skills inhouse



Network

Board of advisors: **Yes** Legal consultants: **Yes** Current shareholders: **Friends and Family**



Market

Total Addressable Market (TAM): **£ 180,000,000** Annual growth rate of the market: **3.00 %** Demand validated: **Demand still under testing** Internationalization: **Active globally**



Product

Product roll-out: **Planning** Feedback received: **Mainly positive** Loyalty to the product/service: **Still to be tested or under testing** Partners: **Informal agreements with key strategic partners**



Competition

Level of competition: Negligible competition Competitive products are: Good Differentiation from current solutions: We innovate in terms of execution International competition: Not yet developed

Protection

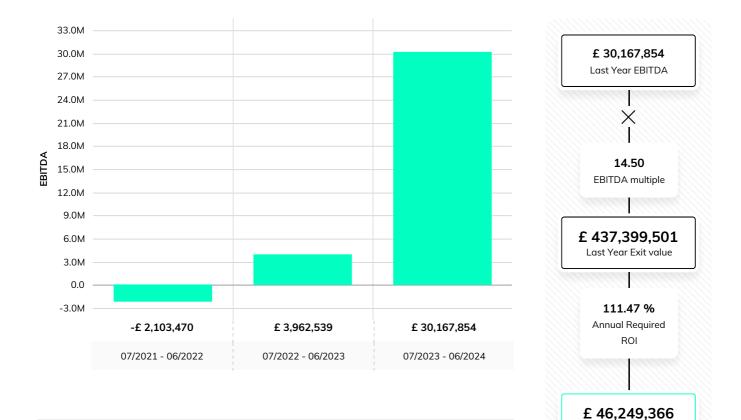
Barriers to entry of the market: **High** Applicable IP: **Patent** Current IP protection: **IP pending for approval**



VC Method Premoney Valuation: £ 46,249,366

The VC (Venture Capital) method is one of most common approaches among financial practitioners in the private company market. The startup is given the valuation that will grant investors a predetermined return at the exit.

The potential exit value of the company is computed with an industry-based EBITDA multiple. The valuation is equal to this value discounted by a required ROI (Return On Investment). This depends on the startup's stage of development, higher for early stage riskier companies, lower for more mature ones. It is the minimum rate that will allow investors to have positive returns from portfolios where most companies fail and gains come from a selected few.



Parameters

Industry Multiple: **14.50** Annual Required ROI: **111.47 %**

/// Please see appendix for data sources and defaults



Premoney Valuation

DCF Methods

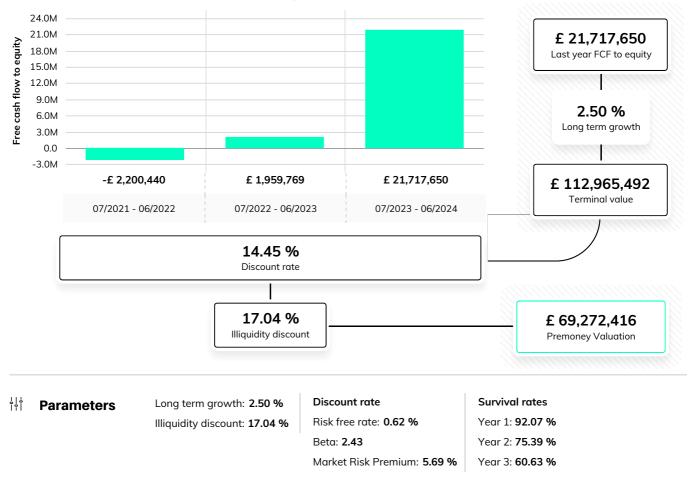
The DCF (Discounted Cash Flow) methods represent the most renown approach to company valuation, recommended by academics and a daily tool for financial analysts. The valuation is the present value of all the free cash flows to equity the startup is going to generate in the future, discounted by its risk.

These methods weight the projected free cash flow to equity by the probability the startup will survive. Then, the flows are discounted to present by a rate that represents risks related to industry, size, development stage and profitability. Lastly, an illiquidity discount is applied to the sum of the discounted cash flows to compute the valuation.

The value of cash flows beyond the projected ones is represented by the TV (Terminal Value) and the way it is calculated is the difference between the following two methods.

DCF with LTG: £ 69,272,416

The DCF with LTG (Long Term Growth) assumes the cash flows beyond the projected ones will grow forever at a constant rate based on the industry and computes the TV accordingly.

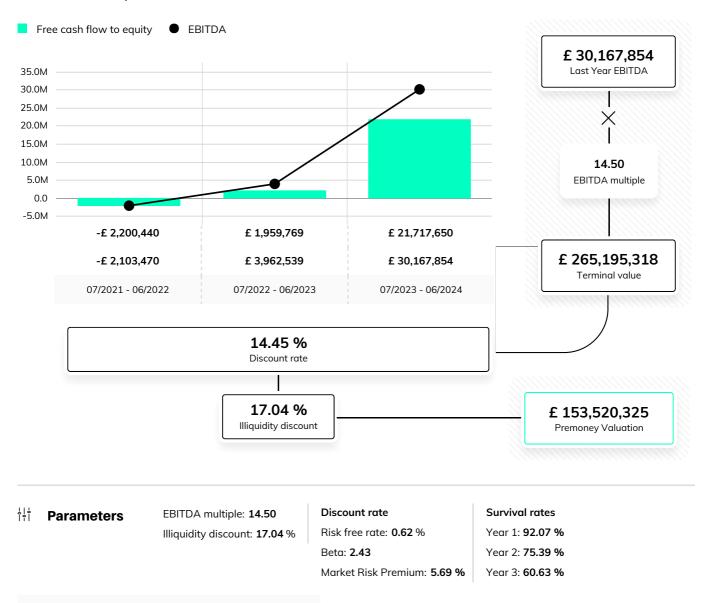


/// Please see appendix for data sources and defaults



DCF with Multiples: £ 153,520,325

The DCF with Multiple assumes the TV (Terminal Value) is equal to the exit value of the company computed with an industrybased EBITDA multiple.



/// Please see appendix for data sources and defaults



Financial Projections Profit & Loss

The profit & loss projections are displayed below. Data about revenues and operating costs are provided by the company. Depreciation and amortization, interest, and taxes are either provided by the company or estimated by Equidam. Please consult our methodology document for more details.

		07-2020 - 06-2021	07-2021 - 06-2022	07-2022 - 06-2023	07-2023 - 06-2024
Reve	nues	-	3,232,342	40,505,258 +13X	139,151,740 +3X
Cost	of Goods Sold	-	2,194,760	26,677,978 +12X	88,900,025 +3X
Sala	ries	30,000	909,500 +30X	909,500 0%	909,500 0%
Oper	ating Expenses	1,068,000	2,231,552 +2X	8,955,241 +4X	19,174,361 +2X
	EBITDA	-1,098,000	-2,103,470 -92%	3,962,539 -	30,167,854 +8X
	Ebitda margin	-	-	9 %	21 %
D&A		-	318,284	121,516 -62%	538,971 +4X
	EBIT	-1,098,000	-2,421,754 -1219	3,841,023 -	29,628,883 +8X
	Ebit margin	-	-	9 %	21 %
Inter	est	-	-	232,745	910,501 +4X
	EBT	-	-2,421,754	3,608,278 -	28,718,382 +8X
Taxe	s	-	-	-	2,013,830
	Nominal tax rate	-	18 %	18 %	18 %
	Effective tax payable	-	-460,133	685,573	5,456,493
	Deferred tax assets	-	460,133	-225,440	-3,668,102
	Net profit	-1,098,000	-2,421,754 -1219	3,608,278 -	26,704,552 +7X
	Net profit margin	-	-	8 %	19 %

All numbers in £



Cash Flow

The cash flow projections are displayed below. Capital expenditure, debt at the end of the year, and equity fundraising are provided by the company. Account payables, account receivables, inventory and D&A are either provided by the company or estimated by Equidam based on the average percentage of revenues for public companies in the company's industry.

	07/2020 - 06/2021	07/2021 - 06/2022	07/2022 - 06/2023	07/2023 - 06/2024
Net profit	-1,098,000	-2,421,754 -1219	3,608,278 -	26,704,552 +7X
Change in Working Capital	-	-	554,867	1,351,321
Working capital	-	-	554,867	1,906,188 +3X
Account Payables	-	-	365,452	1,217,809
Account Receivables	-	-	554,867	1,906,188
Inventory	-	-	365,452	1,217,809
D&A	-	318,284	121,516 -62%	538,971 +4X
Capital expenditures	-	96,970	1,215,158 +13X	4,174,552 + 3 X
Change in outstanding debt	-	-	-	-
Debt at the end of the year	-	-	-	-
Free cash flow to equity	-	-2,200,440	1,959,769 -	21,717,650 +11X
Equity fundraising	-	-	-	-
Free cash flow	-	-2,200,440	1,959,769 -	21,717,650 +11X
Beginning of the year cash	-	-	-2,200,440	-240,671 +89%
End of the year cash	-	-2,200,440	-240,671	21,476,979

All numbers in £



Conclusion Legal Notes

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Appendix Weights of the methods

The default weight of each method is determined by Equidam based on the stage of development, and they are shown below. They can be manually adjusted by the company.

Default weights of the 5 methods

Stage of development	Checklist Method	Scorecard Method	VC Method	DCF with LTG	DCF with Multiples
ldea stage	38%	38%	16%	4%	4%
Development stage	30%	30%	16%	12%	12%
Startup stage	15%	15%	16%	27%	27%
Expansion stage	6%	6%	16%	36%	36%

Covimro Limited stage of development: Development stage

These are determined according to the following principles:

- Qualitative information is more important in early stage companies, where performance uncertainty is extremely high, so qualitative methods are weighted in more
- The investors' view is equally important across all stages, so the weight of the VC method does not change
- Quantitative information is more reliable in later stages, when a company already has a proven financial track record. Therefore, it is possible to use the DCF methods more extensively as projected results get founded in past performance



Qualitative methods

Default average and maximum valuations data sources

Dataset:Pre-money market valuations from transactions in the last 30 months of company in all industries, all countries,
and at seed funding stageDatasource:CrunchbaseUsage:Computation of average and maximum (net of outliers) pre-money valuations in given geographic areas for the
qualitative methods (Scorecard and Checklist respectively)Update:BiannualAverage valuation (Scorecard Method) in United Kingdom: £ 2,115,951

Maximum valuation (Checklist Method) in United Kingdom: £ 5,000,000

Scorecard Method

Default weights of the criteria and breakdown in their traits

Strength of the team	30%	Size of the Opportunity	25%	
Time commitment of the founders		Estimated revenues in the third year according to the stage of t		
Number of employees		development		
Team spirit and comradeship		Estimated size of the market in three years		
Years of industry experience of the core team		Geographical scope of the business		
Business and managerial background of the core team				
Competitive Environment	10%	Strength and protection of the product/service	15%	
Stage of the product/service roll-out		Level of competition in the market		
Degree of loyalty of customers		Quality of competitive products/services		
Type of IP protection applicable		Competitive advantage over other products/services		
IP protection in place (if any)		Barriers to entry of the market		
		Threat of international competition		
Strategic relationships with partners	10%	Funding required	10%	
Strength of the relationships with key strategic partners		Capital required according to the stage of development		



Current profitability

Checklist Method

Default weights of the criteria and breakdown in their traits

Quality of the core team analyzes:	30%
Average age of the founders	
Presence in the team of serial, successful entrepreneurs	
Time commitment of the founders	
Team spirit and comradeship	
Years of industry experience of the core team	
Business and managerial background of the core team	
Technical skills of the core team	
Quality of the idea analyzes	20%
Quality of the idea analyzes:	
Validation of the demand for the product/service	
Feedback received by early adopters/industry experts Level of competition in the market	
Competitive advantage over other products/services	
Geographical scope of the business	
Threat of international competition	
Degree of loyalty of customers	
Product roll-out and IP protection analyzes:	15%
Stage of the product/service roll-out	
Type of IP protection applicable	
IP protection in place (if any)	
Stratopic relationships anglyzog	15%
Strategic relationships analyzes:	
Presence of an advisory board and number of advisors Presence and type of current shareholders	
Presence and type of current shareholders Relationship with legal counselors	
Strength of the relationships with key strategic partners	
Operating stage	20%
Stage of development	



VC method

Below the sources of the valuation parameters used in the VC Method: EBITDA Multiple and Annual Required ROI, and their default values provided by Equidam

EBITDA multiple

Description: Enterprise value on EBITDA multiples computed over a dataset of global, publicly listed firms organized by industry

Datasource: Prof. A. Damodaran, NYU Stern School of Busines

Update: Annual

Notes: We favor the use of EBITDA multiple, as we believe revenue multiples fail to capture the ability of startups to generate cash flow, i.e. the ultimate determinant of value.

Covimro Limited industry: Proprietary & Advanced Pharmaceuticals

Proprietary & Advanced Pharmaceuticals EBITDA multiple: 14.50

Annual Required ROI

The default annual required ROI rates are determined by Equidam based on the returns investors require for companies at different stage of development, and are shown below. They can be manually adjusted by the company.

Covimro Limited stage of development: Development stage



DCF Methods

Below the sources of the valuation parameters used in the DCF Methods: Discount Rate, Survival Rates and Illiquidity Discounts, and their default values provided by Equidam.

Discount rate

Risk Free R	ate
Description	: 10Y government rates
Datasource	e: Trading Economics (tradingeconomics.com), various public databases
Update:	Bi-annual (but more frequent if macroeconomic conditions are more volatile)
Notes:	For the Eurozone we apply the German 10Y Bond rate
Covim	aro Limited country: United Kingdom
United	d Kingdom risk free rate: 0.62%
Industry be	tas
Description	Industry beta computed over industry specific portfolios of global, public listed companies (same as in EBITDA multiple)
Datasource	e: Prof. A. Damodaran, NYU Stern School of Business
Update:	Annual
Covim	aro Limited industry: Proprietary & Advanced Pharmaceuticals
Propri	ietary & Advanced Pharmaceuticals default beta: 2.43
Market Risl	k Premium
Description	Country based total equity risk premium as implied in the previous 12 trailing months.
Datasource	e: Prof. A. Damodaran, NYU Stern School of Business
Update:	Biannual
Covim	aro Limited country: United Kingdom

United Kingdom default market risk premium: 5.69%



Survival Rate

Dataset: Country-level survival probabilities of the latest cohort of companies with three years of data available.

Datasource: European Office of Statistics (http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat), U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (https://www.bls.gov/), specific academic research and public offices of statistics for different countries.

Update: Annual

Covimro Limited year of incorporation: 2021

Default survival rate Year 1: 92.07%

Default survival rate Year 2: **75.39%**

Default survival rate Year 3: 60.63%

Default survival rate Year 4: 53.84%

Default survival rate Year 5: 47.56%

Default survival rate Year 6: 42.43%

Default survival rate Year 7: 38.10%

Default survival rate Year 8: 34.34%

Default survival rate Year 9: 31.03%

Default survival rate Year 10: 28.06%

Illiquidity discount

The default illiquidity discount is assigned based on current profitability and projected revenues, according to the approach suggested by William L. Silber.

Covimro Limited illiquidity discount: 17.04%



DCF with LTG

Long term growth

Dataset: Global, publicly listed companies organized by industry (same as in EBITDA multiple)

Datasource: Prof. A. Damodaran, NYU Stern School of Business

Update: Annual

Notes: The value is winsorized over a 0% - 2.5% range. We do not want the long term growth to be above world GDP growth expectations, as it would mean the company is going to overgrow world economy at some point in time

Covimro Limited industry: Proprietary & Advanced Pharmaceuticals

Proprietary & Advanced Pharmaceuticals default long term growth: 2.50

DCF with Multiples

EBITDA multiple

Dataset:	Global, publicly listed companies organized by industry
Datasource	: Prof. A. Damodaran, NYU Stern School of Business
Update:	Annual
Notes:	We favor the use of EBITDA multiple, as we believe revenue multiples fail to capture the ability of startups to generate cash flow, the ultimate determinant of value.
Covim	ro Limited industry: Proprietary & Advanced Pharmaceuticals
Propri	etary & Advanced Pharmaceuticals default EBITDA multiple: 14.50



Last Available Balance Sheet

Below the simplified, last available balance sheet of the company.

	07/2020 - 06/2021
Cash and equivalents	-
Tangible assets	-
Intangible assets	-
Financial assets	-
Deferred tax assets	-
Total Assets	-
Debts due within one year time	-
Debt due beyond one year time	-
Equity	-
Total Liabilities and Shareholder's Equity	-

All numbers in £

